ABSTRACT

Structures of the Dialect in Yusuf El Sedeek; A Descriptive Historical Study in the Light of the Transformational-Generative Grammar Theory

This is a study of the structures in the dialect of Yusuf El-Sedeek`s region, at the level of word and sentence, benefited from the data of generative transformational approach in the work of analysis and applications, also benefited from the data of the descriptive structural approach and rigid approach in strengthening and deepening of these analyses. The study relied on the mechanisms of the historical comparative method to stand on the conditions of the changes that have occurred in the dialect over the course of tense and place, and determine the laws of language that have contributed to these historic changes, benefited from mechanisms of the comparative method in the stand on the positions of similarities and dissimilarities between the rules of dialect and similar in classical Arabic.

The research included an introduction, Preface, two chapters and a conclusion. The introduction dealt with reasons for choosing this subject and the extent of the difficulties that the researcher faced in the course of the work of this study, Also showed the means adopted in the recording material linguistic dialect in the region of Yusuf El-Sedeek. The Preface talked about curriculum linguistic that the study will depend on. in chapter 1 ,The researcher dealt with: the level of the word in the dialect, as the level of the compositions, which included in this section a preface and three chapters, as confirmed in the preface that the word in dialect is the level of levels grammatical worth studying , The first chapter dealt with the concept of the word at scientists, the second chapter dealt with sections of the word in the dialect, according to the foundations of descriptive analytical method as the dialect included three types of the word, are: simple word - compound word - complex word. The dialect also included eight sections of the word, are: Name – derivatives - pronoun - verb - adverbs - particles - Prepositions and conjunctions. The third chapter dealt with the various changes of the word between the dialect and classical Arabic, where the researcher studied the historical narrative of the word, and points of similarities and dissimilarities between the dialect and classical Arabic. The second section addressed the sentence level in the dialect; this section included a preface and five chapters. The preface studied the concepts and terminology of the sentence. The first chapter studied simple sentence, descriptive analytical study according to the foundations of Rules Generative and founded Rules Transformative. The second chapter dealt with the sentence, according to the foundations of
Rules and the foundations of Rules Generative Transformative, have dealt with descriptive analytical study: First, the sentence variant and heterogeneous in terms of: Form - Statement and compositional techniques – verb. Second, rank between the parties to the sentence. The third chapter dealt with compound sentence different kinds: conditional – adverb - connected - causation, according to the foundations of Rules Generative and founded Rules Transformative, has dealt with descriptive analytical study, first: compound sentence heterogeneous and variant in terms of: Form - statement and compositional techniques – tense. Second: Rank between the parties to the sentence. Third: complex sentence causation. And Chapter IV: sentence microprocessor complementary and non- complementary, through various downstream positions, where it came from sentence micro complementary inter simple sentence and the sentence structure. It appeared that sentence micro is complementary, in the form of: inter appeal - inter pray - complimenting phrase - inter warning. Chapter Five: aspects of similarities and dissimilarities in the wholesale of various kinds, between dialect and classical Arabic. The finale included research on the most important scientific results of the study.