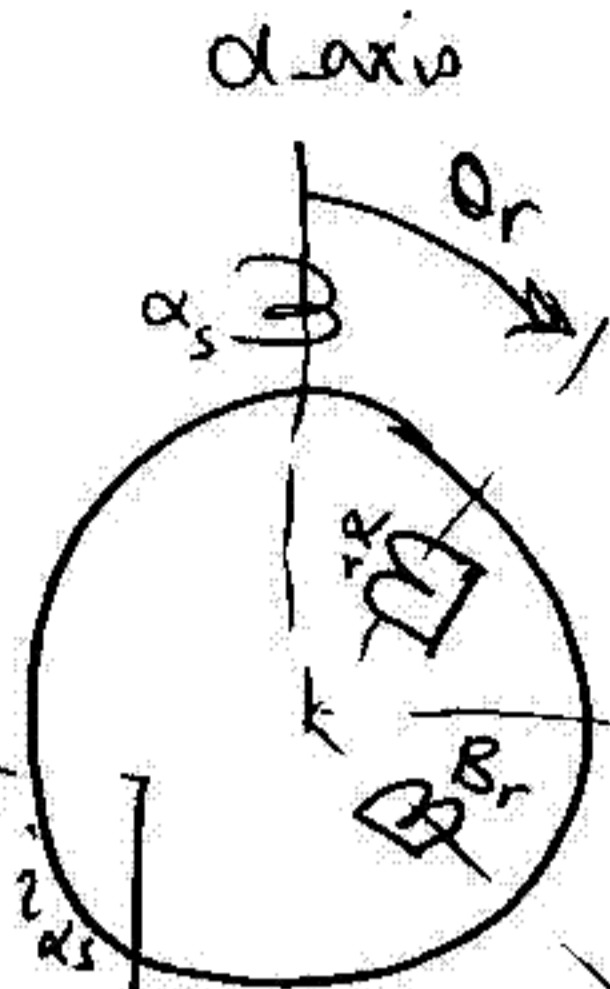


Electric machines III EPM405 A  
 Final exam 2009/2010  
 Solution

1. Voltage equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_{as} \\ v_{\beta s} \\ v_{dr} \\ v_{\beta r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_s + PL_s & 0 & P L_0 \cos \theta_r & -P L_0 \sin \theta_r \\ 0 & R_s + PL_s & P L_0 \sin \theta_r & P L_0 \cos \theta_r \\ P L_0 \cos \theta_r & P L_0 \sin \theta_r & R_r + PL_r & 0 \\ -P L_0 \sin \theta_r & P L_0 \cos \theta_r & 0 & R_r + PL_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{as} \\ i_{\beta s} \\ i_{dr} \\ i_{\beta r} \end{bmatrix}$$



$L_s = L_r$   
 $L_r = L$

$T_e = P \frac{\partial W_{field}}{\partial \theta_r}$ , P: no. of pair poles

$W_{field} = \frac{1}{2} I^T \cdot L_{\alpha\beta} \cdot I$

$I = \begin{bmatrix} i_{\alpha s} \\ i_{\beta s} \\ i_{dr} \\ i_{\beta r} \end{bmatrix}$ ,  $L_{\alpha\beta} = \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 & L_0 \cos \theta_r & -L_0 \sin \theta_r \\ 0 & L_s & L_0 \sin \theta_r & L_0 \cos \theta_r \\ L_0 \cos \theta_r & L_0 \sin \theta_r & L_r & 0 \\ -L_0 \sin \theta_r & L_0 \cos \theta_r & 0 & L_r \end{bmatrix}$

$\therefore W_{field} = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 L_0 \left\{ i_{\alpha s} (\cos \theta_r i_{dr} - \sin \theta_r i_{\beta r}) + i_{\beta s} (\sin \theta_r i_{dr} + \cos \theta_r i_{\beta r}) + \text{other terms independent on } \theta_r \right\}$

$\therefore T_e = P \frac{\partial W_{field}}{\partial \theta_r} = P L_0 [ i_{\alpha s} (-\sin \theta_r i_{dr} - \cos \theta_r i_{\beta r}) + \dots ]$

For a reference frame attached to stator;

$$i_{ds} = i_{\alpha s}$$

$$i_{qs} = i_{\beta s}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} i_{dr} \\ i_{qr} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & -\sin \theta_r \\ \sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{ds} \\ i_{qs} \end{bmatrix}$$

Substitute in the torque expression, then

$$\begin{aligned} T_e &= P L_0 [i_{ds} (-i_{qr}) + i_{qs} (i_{dr})] \\ &= P L_0 [i_{qs} i_{dr} - i_{ds} i_{qr}] \end{aligned}$$

2. State space model

$$\dot{X} = AX + BU$$

For a stator reference frame, then

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_{ds} \\ v_{qs} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_s + PL_s & 0 & | & PL_0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_s + PL_s & | & 0 & PL_0 \\ \hline PL_0 & \dot{\theta}_r L_0 & | & R_r + PL_r & \dot{\theta}_r L_r \\ -\dot{\theta}_r L_0 & PL_0 & | & -\dot{\theta}_r L_r & R_r + PL_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{ds} \\ i_{qs} \\ i_{dr} \\ i_{qr} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2) [R] = \begin{bmatrix} R_s & 0 & | & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_s & | & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 0 & | & R_r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & | & 0 & R_r \end{bmatrix},$$

$$[G_R] = \begin{bmatrix} R_s & 0 & | & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & R_s & | & 0 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & \dot{\theta}_r L_0 & | & R_r & \dot{\theta}_r L_r \\ -\dot{\theta}_r L_0 & 0 & | & -\dot{\theta}_r L_r & R_r \end{bmatrix}, [L] = \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 & | & L_0 & 0 \\ 0 & L_s & | & 0 & L_0 \\ \hline L_0 & 0 & | & L_r & 0 \\ 0 & L_0 & | & 0 & L_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[U] = \begin{bmatrix} v_{ds} \\ v_{qs} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, [i] = \begin{bmatrix} i_{ds} \\ i_{qs} \\ i_{dr} \\ i_{qr} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[v] = [G_R][i] + P[L][i] \quad * L^{-1}$$

$$\therefore P[i] = [L^{-1}][G_R]i + [L^{-1}][v]$$

The mechanical equations;

$$T_e - T_m = J \frac{d\omega_m}{dt}$$

$$= \frac{J}{P} \frac{d\omega_r}{dt}$$

, where  $\omega_r$  is the rotor speed in elect. rad/sec.

P: no. of pair poles

$$\therefore P\omega_r = \frac{P}{J} (T_e - T_m)$$

also

$$\frac{d\theta_r}{dt} = \omega_r$$

$$\therefore P\theta_r = \omega_r$$

now we have

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{i}_{ds} \\ \dot{i}_{qs} \\ \dot{i}_{dr} \\ \dot{i}_{qr} \\ \dot{\omega}_r \\ \dot{\theta}_r \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} [L^{-1} GR]_{4 \times 4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_{A_{New}} \begin{bmatrix} i_{ds} \\ i_{qs} \\ i_{dr} \\ i_{qr} \\ \omega_r \\ \theta_r \end{bmatrix} +$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} [L^{-1}]_{4 \times 4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & P/A & -P/T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_{ds} \\ v_{qs} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ T_e \end{bmatrix}$$

2ii) For steady state voltage equations,

$$\theta^{\circ} = 0$$

$$P = J\omega_s, \quad \Omega_r^{\circ} = (1-s)\omega_s$$

$$\circ\circ \quad V_{ds} = (R_s + j\omega_s L_s) I_{ds} + j\omega_s L_0 I_{dr}$$

$$V_{qs} = (R_s + j\omega_s L_s) I_{qs} + j\omega_s L_0 I_{qr}$$

$$\circ\circ \quad V_{ds} + jV_{qs} = [R_s + j\omega_s L_s] [I_{ds} + jI_{qs}] + j\omega_s L_0 [I_{dr} + jI_{qr}]$$

$$\circ\circ \quad \bar{V}_s = (R_s + j\omega_s L_s) \bar{I}_s + j\omega_s L_0 \bar{I}_r$$

also

$$V_{dr} = j\omega L_0 I_{ds} + (1-s)\omega_s L_0 I_{qs} + (R_r + j\omega_s L_r) I_{dr} + (1-s)\omega_s L_r I_{qr}$$

and

$$V_{qr} = -(1-s)\omega_s L_0 I_{ds} + j\omega_s L_0 I_{qs} + (1-s)\omega_s L_r + (R_r + j\omega_s L_r) I_{qr}$$

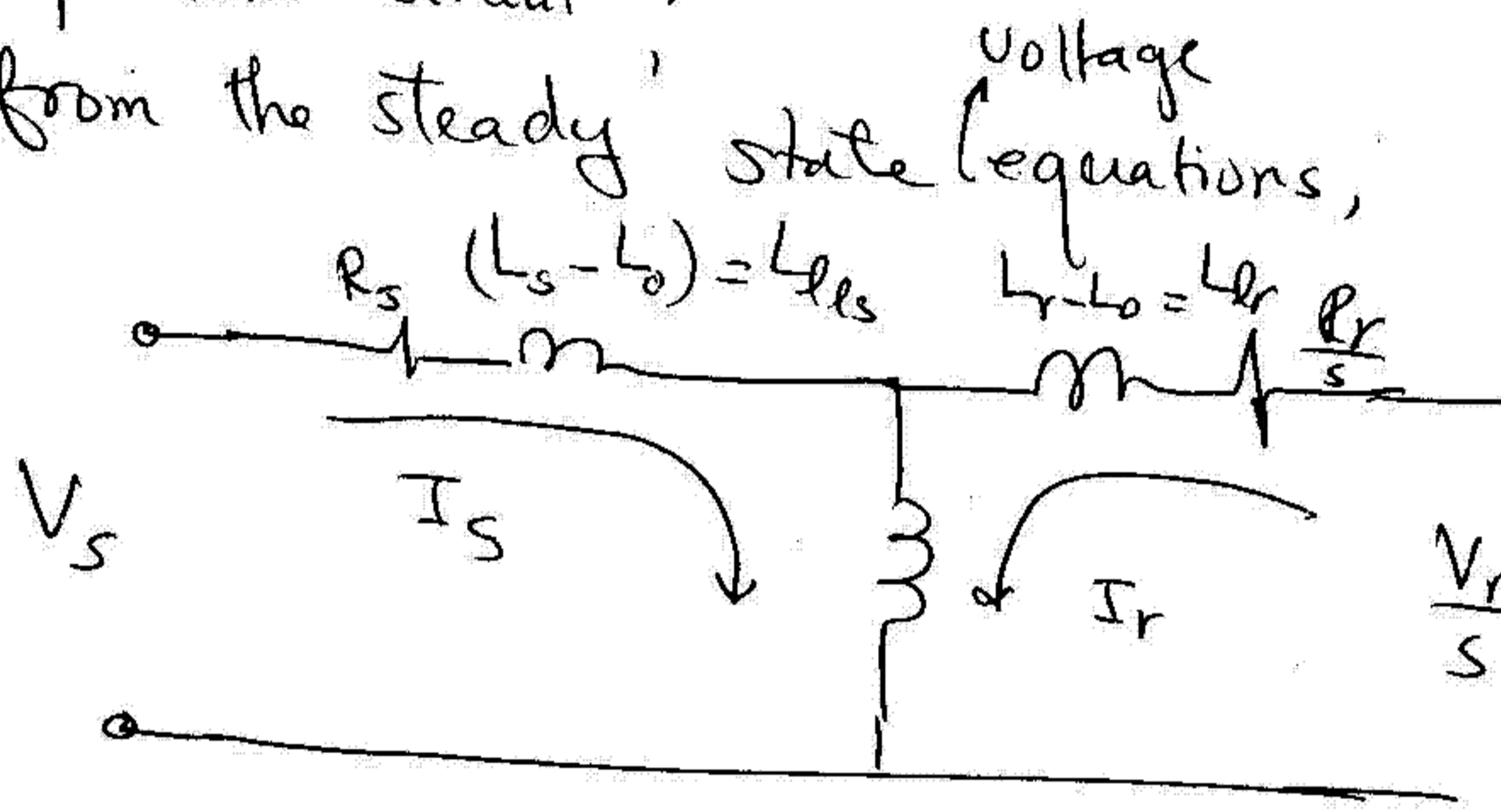
$$\circ\circ \quad \bar{V}_{dr} + j\bar{V}_{qr} = s\omega_s L_0 j(I_{ds} + jI_{qs}) + (R_r + j\omega_s L_r) \bar{I}_r$$

from which

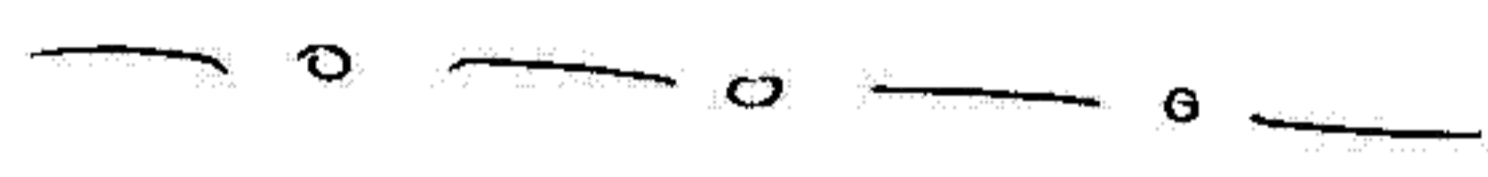
$$\frac{\bar{V}_r}{s} = \left( \frac{R_r}{s} + j\omega_s L_r \right) \bar{I}_r + j\omega_s L_o \bar{I}_s$$

2ii) Equivalent circuit.

from the steady state equations,



for squirrel cage  $V_r$



3 ii) Voltage equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} V_{\alpha s} \\ V_{\beta s} \\ V_{\alpha r} \\ V_{\beta r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \underbrace{R_s + PL_s}_{Z_{ss\alpha\beta}} & 0 & PL_0 \cos \theta_r & -PL_0 \sin \theta_r \\ 0 & R_s + PL_s & PL_0 \sin \theta_r & PL_0 \cos \theta_r \\ \hline PL_0 \cos \theta_r & PL_0 \sin \theta_r & R_r + PL_r & 0 \\ -PL_0 \sin \theta_r & PL_0 \cos \theta_r & 0 & R_r + PL_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{\alpha s} \\ i_{\beta s} \\ i_{\alpha r} \\ i_{\beta r} \end{bmatrix}$$

$Z_{rs\alpha\beta}$                        $Z_{rr\alpha\beta}$

3 iii)  $C_r^{*T} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \delta & \sin \delta \\ -\sin \delta & \cos \delta \end{bmatrix}$

$$C_s^{*T} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & \sin(\theta_r + \delta) \\ -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) & \cos(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix}$$

3 iii)  $Z_{sr} = C_s^{*T} + Z_{sr\alpha\beta} C_r$

$$= C_s^{*T} + PL_0 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & -\sin \theta_r \\ \sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \delta & -\sin \delta \\ \sin \delta & \cos \delta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= C_s^{*T} * PL_0 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) \\ \sin(\theta_r + \delta) & \cos(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix}$$



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$$\therefore Z_{sr} = C_s^* T L_0 \left( \begin{array}{c} \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) \\ \sin(\theta_r + \delta) & \cos(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix} \cdot P + \\ \theta_r \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) & -\cos(\theta_r + \delta) \\ \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix} \end{array} \right) \cdot X$$

$$= L_0 \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & \sin(\theta_r + \delta) \\ -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) & \cos(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ \cdot \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore Z_{sr} = P L_0 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} + \theta_r L_0 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} P L_0 & -\theta_r L_0 \\ \theta_r L_0 & P L_0 \end{bmatrix}$$



3 iii) Cont'd

$$Z_{rs} = C_r^{*T} Z_{rs \alpha \beta} C_s$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \delta & \sin \delta \\ -\sin \delta & \cos \delta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} PL_0 \cos \theta_r & PL_0 \sin \theta_r \\ -PL_0 \sin \theta_r & PL_0 \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) \\ \sin(\theta_r + \delta) & \cos(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= C_r^{*T} P \begin{bmatrix} L_0 \cos \delta & -L_0 \sin \delta \\ L_0 \sin \delta & L_0 \cos \delta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore Z_{rs} = C_r^{*T} P L_0 C_r = \begin{bmatrix} PL_0 & 0 \\ 0 & PL_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

for  $Z_{ss} = C_s^{*T} Z_{ss \alpha \beta} C_s$

$$= C_s^{*T} \begin{bmatrix} R_s & 0 \\ 0 & R_s \end{bmatrix} C_s + C_s^{*T} \begin{bmatrix} PL_s & 0 \\ 0 & PL_s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} R_s & 0 \\ 0 & R_s \end{bmatrix} + C_s^{*T} L_s \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) \\ \sin(\theta_r + \delta) & \cos(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ C_s^{*T} (\theta_r) \begin{bmatrix} -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) & -\cos(\theta_r + \delta) \\ \cos(\theta_r + \delta) & -\sin(\theta_r + \delta) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} R_s & 0 \\ 0 & R_s \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} PL_s & 0 \\ 0 & PL_s \end{bmatrix} + \theta_r \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -L_s \\ L_s & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

for  $Z_{rr} = C_r^{*T} Z_{r\alpha\beta} C_r$

Since  $C_r$  is not  $f$  of time ( $\delta$  is constant)

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore Z_{rr}' &= C_r^{*} (R_r + PL_r) \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} [C_r] \\ &= (R_r + PL_r) \begin{bmatrix} C_r^{*} & C_r \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} R_r + PL_r & 0 \\ 0 & R_r + PL_r \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_{ds} \\ v_{qs} \\ v_{dr} \\ v_{qr} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_s + PL_s & -\dot{\theta}_r L_s & PL_0 & -\dot{\theta}_r L_0 \\ \dot{\theta}_r L_s & R_s + PL_s & \dot{\theta}_r L_0 & PL_0 \\ \hline PL_0 & 0 & R_r + PL_r & 0 \\ 0 & PL_0 & 0 & R_r + PL_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{ds} \\ i_{qs} \\ i_{dr} \\ i_{qr} \end{bmatrix}$$

The resultant differential equations are similar to that obtained for a frame coinciding with the rotor reference since the frame used here is also attached to rotor and is rotating with rotor speed.

Rotational voltage terms appears only in the stator equations.

$$L_r = L_r + L_o$$

4a.)

$$\begin{bmatrix} v_{as} \\ v_{bs} \\ v_c \\ v_{kd} \\ v_{kq} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} R_s + P(L_s + L_2 \cos 2\theta_r) & P L_2 \sin 2\theta_r & P L_2 \cos 2\theta_r & 0 & 0 \\ P L_2 \sin 2\theta_r & R_s + P(L_s - L_2 \cos 2\theta_r) & P L_2 \sin 2\theta_r & 0 & 0 \\ P L_d \cos \theta_r & P L_d \sin \theta_r & P L_d \cos \theta_r & R_r + P(L_r + L_d) & 0 \\ P L_d \cos \theta_r & P L_d \sin \theta_r & P L_d \cos \theta_r & R_{kd} + P(L_{kd} + L_d) & 0 \\ -P L_q \sin \theta_r & P L_q \cos \theta_r & P L_q \sin \theta_r & 0 & R_{kq} + P(L_{kq} + L_q) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} i_{as} \\ i_{bs} \\ i_c \\ i_{kd} \\ i_{kq} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_d &= L_o + L_2 \\
 L_q &= L_o - L_2
 \end{aligned}$$

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4 b).

Transformation matrix for transforming stator variables to rotor is

$$C_s = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & -\sin \theta_r \\ \sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$4c) \quad Z_{ss}' = C_s^{*T} Z_{ss} C_s$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} R_s & 0 \\ 0 & R_s \end{bmatrix} + C_s^{*T} \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 \\ 0 & L_s \end{bmatrix} P C_s \\ + C_s^{*T} P L_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2\theta_r & \sin 2\theta_r \\ \sin 2\theta_r & -\cos 2\theta_r \end{bmatrix} + C_s$$

$$\text{so } Z_{ss} = \begin{bmatrix} R_s & 0 \\ 0 & R_s \end{bmatrix} + C_s^{*T} \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 \\ 0 & L_s \end{bmatrix} C_s \cdot P \\ + C_s^{*T} \begin{bmatrix} L_s & 0 \\ 0 & L_s \end{bmatrix} \dot{\theta}_r \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \theta_r & -\cos \theta_r \\ \cos \theta_r & -\sin \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \left( C_s^{*T} P L_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \\ \sin \theta_r & -\cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \right)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} R_s + P L_s & -\dot{\theta}_r L_s \\ \dot{\theta}_r L_s & R_s + P L_s \end{bmatrix} + y$$

$$y = C_s^{*T} L_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \\ \sin \theta_r & -\cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} [P]$$

$$+ C_s^{*T} L_2 \theta_r^{\circ} \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \\ \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore y = L_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \\ -\sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \\ \sin \theta_r & -\cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} [P]$$

$$+ \theta_r^{\circ} L_2 \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \\ -\sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \\ \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} PL_2 & 0 \\ 0 & -PL_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 & \theta_r^{\circ} L_2 \\ \theta_r^{\circ} L_2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore Z_{ss} = \begin{bmatrix} R_s + P(L_{l1} + L_0 + L_2) & -\theta_r^{\circ} (L_{l1} + L_0 - L_2) \\ \theta_r^{\circ} (L_{l1} + L_0 + L_2) & R_s + P(L_{l1} + L_0 - L_2) \end{bmatrix}$$

4c cont'd

$$Z_{sr} = C_s^{*T} Z_{s\alpha\beta}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \\ -\sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix}_{2 \times 2} \begin{bmatrix} PL_d \cos \theta_r & PL_d \cos \theta_r & -PL_g \sin \theta_r \\ PL_d \sin \theta_r & PL_d \sin \theta_r & PL_g \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & \sin \theta_r \\ -\sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} L_d \cos \theta_r & L_d \cos \theta_r & -L_g \sin \theta_r \\ L_d \sin \theta_r & L_d \sin \theta_r & L_g \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$+ \theta_r \begin{bmatrix} -L_g \sin \theta_r & -L_g \sin \theta_r & -L_g \cos \theta_r \\ L_d \cos \theta_r & L_d \cos \theta_r & -L_g \sin \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} PL_d & PL_d & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & PL_g \end{bmatrix} + \theta_r \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -L_g \\ L_d & L_d & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} PL_d & PL_d & -\theta_r L_g \\ \theta_r L_d & \theta_r L_d & PL_g \end{bmatrix}$$



For  $Z_{rs} = C_r^{*T} Z_{rs\alpha\beta} C_s$

$= Z_{rs\alpha\beta} C_s$

$\therefore Z_{rs} = P \begin{bmatrix} L_d \cos \theta_r & L_d \sin \theta_r \\ L_d \cos \theta_r & L_d \sin \theta_r \\ -L_q \sin \theta_r & L_q \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_r & -\sin \theta_r \\ \sin \theta_r & \cos \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$

$3 \times 2 \quad 2 \times 2$

$= P \begin{bmatrix} L_d & 0 \\ L_d & 0 \\ 0 & L_q \end{bmatrix}$

$Z_{rr} = C_r^{*T} Z_{rr\alpha\beta} C_r$   
 $= Z_{rr\alpha\beta}$

therefore the voltage diff equations are given as.

$V_{ds}$	$R_s + p(L_s + L_d)$	$- \sigma_r (L_s + L_d)$	$pL_d$	$pL_d$	$- \sigma_r L_q$
$V_{qs}$	$\sigma_r (L_s + L_d)$	$R_s + p(L_s + L_d)$	$\sigma_r L_d$	$\sigma_r L_d$	$pL_q$
$V_f$	$pL_d$	$0$	$R_r + p(L_r + L_d)$	$pL_d$	$0$
$V_{kd}$	$pL_d$	$0$	$pL_d$	$R_{kd} + p(L_{kd} + L_d)$	$0$
$V_{kq}$	$0$	$pL_q$	$0$	$0$	$R_{kq} + p(L_{kq} + L_q)$



Ad

$$T_e = P [I]^T [G] [I]$$

P = no. of pair poles

$$I = \begin{bmatrix} i_{ds} \\ i_{qs} \\ i_f \\ i_{kd} \\ i_{kq} \end{bmatrix}, \quad G = \left[ \begin{array}{cc|cc} 0 & -L_{qs} & 0 & 0 \\ L_{ds} & 0 & L_d & L_q \\ \hline 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

$$L_{ds} = L_{ls} + L_d$$

$$L_{qs} = L_{ls} + L_q$$

$$I^T G = \begin{bmatrix} L_{ds} i_{qs} & -L_{qs} i_{ds} & L_d i_{qs} & L_q i_{qs} \\ s L_{qs} i_{qs} & s L_{ds} i_{ds} & s L_d i_{qs} & s L_q i_{qs} \\ i_f i_{qs} & i_f i_{ds} & i_f i_{qs} & i_f i_{qs} \\ i_{kd} i_{qs} & i_{kd} i_{ds} & i_{kd} i_{qs} & i_{kd} i_{qs} \\ i_{kq} i_{qs} & i_{kq} i_{ds} & i_{kq} i_{qs} & i_{kq} i_{qs} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\therefore T_e = P \left[ i_{ds} i_{qs} L_{ds} - i_{ds} i_{qs} L_{qs} + i_f i_{qs} L_d + i_{kd} i_{qs} L_d + i_{kq} i_{ds} L_q \right]$$

$$= P \left[ -i_{ds} \underbrace{(i_{qs} L_{qs} + i_{kq} L_q)}_{\lambda_{qs}} + i_{qs} \underbrace{(L_{ds} i_{ds} + i_f L_d + i_{kd} L_d)}_{\lambda_{ds}} \right]$$

$$\therefore T_e = P [i_{qs} \lambda_{ds} - i_{ds} \lambda_{qs}]$$