



# Therapeutic scenes and the drawings of surgical instruments in the light of -AN Manuscript for Al-Zahrawi" Altasriflimaneajizeanaltaalif "ARCHAEOLOGICAL&ARTISTIC COMPARATIVE STUDY

A thesis submitted to the department of Islamic archaeology in fulfillment of the requirements for the master degree of Islamic art and architecture

### Submitted by

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### **Abstract**

Al-Zahrawi is considered the most famous one who wrote in the science of surgery and excelled in it among the Arab.He wrote several medical books; the most famous one of them is "Al tasriefLimanAjazAan Al taleef.It is an integrated medical encyclopedia that includes all known branches of medicine in his era. However, what raised his value and kept mentioning is that part of his book: The Thirty Article, which he devoted to surgery. It is the largest and richest scientific source in surgery. It is also considered a reference so far for medical students and a helper for doctors in facing their surgical problems. This article is divided into three chapters: it constitutes one fifth of the entire book. It was translated (Kitab al-Tasrif) into many languages and people relied more on it in the Middle Ages. It is a comprehensive book on medicine in all its branches, so that the user does not need other books.

The study in this research revolves around the identification of Al–Zahrawi, his manuscript and his contributions in the field of medicine. The manuscript: "Al–tasriefLimanAjazAan Al taleef includes a number of drawings of surgical instruments, where those drawings and decorative elements executed on them are described and compared to the surgical tools in the manuscript of Tazkaralbn al–Bitar, the therapeutic views in a manuscript: The Ilkhanid surgery of Sharaf al–Din , and the surgical instruments remaining in the museums, highlighting their new decorative elements and the shapes of these tools and their function.

#### Abstract: