

(Abstract of the research no. (3

The Sunnis and their efforts in the dissemination of their doctrine, and the resistance of the Shiite sect in the Hijaz during the Mamluk era (648-923 AH / 1250-1517 AD

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The research focused on highlighting the efforts of Ahl al-Sunnah (rulers, scholars and the public) in spreading their doctrine and resisting Shiite thought through several means, including: military actions and intellectual means, which were based on two pillars: the dissemination of Sunni thought; and drying the roots of Shiite thought

Economic aid was another effective means used by Muslim rulers to strengthen Sunni Islam and to resist Shiite ideology. Finally, the Sunnis adopted social means to strengthen their sect and to resist Shiite ideology

The efforts of Sunni scholars in supporting their doctrine and resisting Shiite thought were represented in: classification, teaching, debates, in addition to aid and gifts as well as looking after the interests of people and serving them, and patience for the harm they suffered

In the field of resisting Shiite thought, Sunni scholars have taken many ways, including inciting Sunni governments against Shiites, using harshness in dealing with them, and confronting the Unfairness of the Shiite princes and their unjust decisions, as well as fighting their heresies and preventing them from showing their rites and beliefs

As for the public efforts in supporting the Sunni doctrine and resisting the Shiite ideology were asking for help from Sunni rulers against the Shiite Hejaz princes, and the Showing happiness in the calamities of the Shiites. As well as the exploitation of influence and funds to support the Sunnis, and the demand for the appointment of Sunni judges instead of Shiite judges

