

Fayoum University Faculty of Social Work Planning and development department

PlanningIndicators to Enable the Urban Slums' Dwellers' For their Right of Development

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First: Introduction and problem of the study:

Poverty is considered a scourge of all ages since the differences in the human beings abilities and their circumstances and aspirations and livelihoods were found. From the concept of poverty, the problem of slums appeared to represent a major obstacle to the ongoing development posing a threat to peace and social stability of the society.

The problem of slums has increased during the last three decades in Egypt to become one of the urgent problems that need to be entirely faced to limit itse spread and treating its negative effects.

In this context, empowerment appeared to become a mechanism to strengthen the slums communities, rebuilding them.

Providing them opportunities and choices that in a way or another contribute to the empowerment of the inhabitants of the slum areas of self-determination and activating their participation efficiently in community decision-making that affects their lives to demand their right to development. As the only way to achieve, comprehensive development is through giving slum-dwellers their rights of development.

Due to the importance of the slums problem, the current study aimed at showing planning indications to enable the slum dwellers of their right to development.

399

Secondly: the importance of the study:

the importance of the current study is presented as follows:

A - the academic importance

- enrich the construction of cognitive theory of social work profession in the field of empowerment of slum dwellers to their right to development.
- theoretical orientations conducted in the field of urban slums refers to the need for studies and research tend to deal with building graphical indicators to enable the slum dwellers of their right to development

B – The practical importance:

- The importance of the current study stems from the need to reach a deeper understanding of the values and trends of random communities which calls for emphasis on these values or adjusting them to cope with the processes of change and development.
- 2. Due to the growing size of urban slums in recent times, so, it is a necessity to pay attention and studying it.
- The results of this study will enable us to achieve the goals of sustainable community development in slum communities in Fayoum

Third: The aims of the study:

The study starts from the main goal that help us to reach a graphical indicators to enable the slum dwellers of their right to development."

The main goal is divided into several sub-goals which are as follow:

- 1. Enabling slum dwellers to monitor their community needs.
- 2. Enabling slum dwellers to take part in the local authority.
- 3. Enabling slum dwellers to make decisions related to their communities.
- 4. Enabling slum dwellers to Establish community.
- 5. Enabling slum dwellers to practice accountability to defend their right to development.

IV: study questions:

The study runs from the main question which is, "What graphic indicators necessary to enable the slum dwellers of the right to development?

this main question is divided into several sub-questions which are:?

- 1. What is slum dwellers' ability to monitor their community needs?
- 2. What is the ability of the residents of urban slums to take part in the local authority?

- 3. What is the ability of slum dwellers to make decisions related to their communities?
- 4. What is the ability of the slum dwellers practice accountability to defend their right to development?

Fifth: the concepts of the study:

The concepts of the study are based as follows:

- a) Planning Indicators
- b) The concept of Empowerment
- c) Slums
- d) The right to development.

VI: redirects the theoretical study:

The current study was based on the theory of empowerment and the theory of relative deprivation as a theoretical guide to it.

Seventh: The proceedings of the study methodology:

A) Type of study:

This study belongs to the pattern of evaluation studies concerned with studying the current realities on the empowerment of slum dwellers and their right to development

B) the approach used:

In the light of the objectives of the study was the use of integrated approach.

C) the methods used:

The study was based on a sample social survey of the population of Al Saha area as one of the slums in Fayoum city.

D) Tools of the study:

It is divided into two axes as follows:

A - data collection tools: -

- 1. Interview guide with experts and those who are interested in the development of slums.
- 2. empowerment measure to the slum dwellers of their right to development
- 3. library search.

B- the data analysis tools: -

The collected data was processed through the computer using a program called SPSS "Statistical Package for Social Sciences, and through applying methods of descriptive statistics and analysis of the following:

- 1) frequencies, percentages, arithmetic mean, standard deviation.
- 2) weights, relative strength, the arithmetic average .
- 3) (T) test.
- 4) ranks of the Spearman correlation coefficient

E - areas of study:

- 1) **Spatial domain:** The study has been applied in Al Saha District, which is located in Fayoum.
- 2) the human domain: A sample of (258), people Al Saha area.
- 3) **Time domain:** The period of data collection from the field from the beginning of 05.24.2016, until / / 2016.

VIII: Results of the study:

The study found several graphic indicators contribute to enable the slum dwellers of the right to development:

A) Planning Guidelines to Enabling slum dwellers to monitor their community needs:

- We need to develop professional and technical leaderships, quantitatively and qualitatively. That can be done by organizing training courses that focus on the mechanisms of activation of the right to development in development programs and projects.
- Seeking to increase recognition of the right to development, implementing it at the international level. urging all countries at the same time to develop the necessary policies at the national level and take the necessary measures for the realization of the right to development as an integral part of human rights and fundamental freedoms.
- The need to create conducive environment suitable for activating the right in the development.

- Recognizing the need for strong partnerships with civil society and private sector organizations in order to eradicate poverty and achieve development and the need to identify Company Social Responsibilities.
- That the plans and programs that serve the slum dwellers will be able to achieve the goals of development through the optimal use of the available resources.
- The need to respond to the needs of slum dwellers with the aim of linking the residents of the slums with the officials in charge, hoping to improve services provided to them.
- It must provide most of the categories of community protection and support for disadvantaged groups in society to enable them to exercise various rights and fundamental freedoms without discrimination.

B) Planning Guidelines to Enabling slum dwellers to take part in the local authority:

- Increase the ability of citizens to organize themselves: it appears when you move the citizens to solve community problems, helping social service profession citizens to organize themselves and the division of labor among themselves and to find organizations that matched their movements.
- The achievement of cooperation between citizens: social service career working to create a great deal of understanding between the citizens, by opening channels of communication between them.

- Solidarity: any move citizens participating in the development of community activities cohesive unit towards the achievement of common goals.
- Perseverance: the continuing members of the community move towards common goals despite the difficulties facing them.
- Arousal: Citizens live with some problems in their environments, despite damage caused upon them by their presence. practitioners of social service can encourage citizens of the need to solve these problems and dissatisfaction to its existence through their newly acquired knowledge, experience and skills because of their theoretical studies and practices the process / field in the institutes, colleges of social service.
- Dealing with the residents of the community as they are: in line with their traditions and customs and values etc, that they can change their situation.
- Giving the chance to the slum dwellers to express their needs by writing petitions shown in it the subject of the complaint and its causes, and is given to the officials to decide.

C) Planning Guidelines to Enabling slum dwellers to make decisions related to their communities:

 Raising awareness among the slum dwellers of the importance of negotiating a positive dialogue using modern scientific methods.

- Using the media and school curricula, designing them to make generations that can start a dialogue, which can broaden their horizons, vary their choices, and build their minds and drives them to interact with the outside world and understanding it.
- Continue to analyze the situation and all that happens or is said in front of him, tying the negotiating room by the force on the ground, and the focus of the party that is represented to create conditions to support and strengthen his negotiating position when this stage starts.
- Attempt to provide creative solutions, innovative maneuvers, and new answers as to repeat the same answer weaken the negotiating position and shows the weaknesses of the negotiating team capabilities.
- Understand the causes of the various conflicts and how to manage anger properly.
- Studying the most important negotiating strategies and pressure used and other methods of conflict resolution techniques.
- The ability and mastering negotiation, mediation, and how to reach the target with minimal losses.
- Acquiring the communication skills between different cultures, for those who are in charge and the activity of the international features.

- Raising the ability of individuals to conscious critical analysis of the prevailing discrimination systems against individuals and the wrong social practices that lead to the continuation of those systems.
- That requires it to tell the difference between management practiced by individuals, which cannot be changed.
- Increasing the capacity of others to distinguish between what is right and what is wrong.

D- Planning Guidelines to Enabling slum dwellers to establish community:

- Strengthening the role of the slum dwellers in control to take the appropriate decisions for the social life.
- Strengthening the positive active participation in making and decision-making process, and the traditional society finds it difficult to apply this form of participation, and represents a process of increasing the participation of members of the potential contribution to raise the levels of empowerment.
- The need for practitioners to give and grant service users the opportunity to express their experiences and perceptions and desires and the exercise of self-selection as much as possible.
- Strengthening the ability to exercise collective self-affirmation in decision-making.
- Strengthening the understanding of the slum dwellers of the community in which they live, and how individuals are affected by the current and future policies, in addition to increasing the understanding of the self-confidence and participation in the development of policies that meet their needs.

- The composition of the committees concerned to determine the problems or issues to be changed.
- Develop action plans and programs pursued by the government and induced regularly, in collaboration with civil society organizations, especially non-governmental organizations, networks and women's movements.

e- Planning Guidelines to Enabling slum dwellers to practice accountability to defend their right to development:

- Reduce the illegal spending opportunities between the responsible boards and agencies in charge of the development of slums.
- Developing a structuring that includes the issue of all administrative levels assigned to the development of slums.
- providing clear published documents related to the mission and philosophy of the work of social organizations, objectives, strategy, plans , budgets , revenues and expenditures, these documents form, logically and practically, the reference that is accountable to community leaders, according to the extent of their commitment to it.
- Designing a structure subordination of all lower bodies accountable and follow up bodies property available, and this means providing system determines the nature and form of accounting, as a legal framework for them, including the provisions defining the rights and duties and responsibilities of

Members, staff and those responsible for the development of slum community.

- The need to create a system that secretes councils and committees elected in a democratic manner and on correct basis that give the opportunity to the largest number of slum dwellers in the participation and the devolution of power within the community.
- To ensure the sustainability of the election based on the right to vote.
- social accountability should be made in formative and final context, in the sense to be associated with the performance stages in the development in order to strengthen the pros and creativity at the same time in which these continuous social accountability forms a way to control the fault before it gets worse and make the necessary corrections. That could affect the outcomes . How to fix imperfections when they emerge with the least effort and cost.
- Building a culture of social accountability and transparency in slum society.
- To provide a statement of values and Charter of morals in slum society.
- Applying the policy of conflict of interest in slum society policy.
- Develop a policy to uncover any misconduct or violation of laws or the Charter of the morals or conflicts of interest in the slum society.