

**Ain Shams Universty**

**Girl,s college**

**Characteristics of Beneficiaries of Youth  
Graduates Villages Project ,Fayoum .**

**An Anthro -Ecological Study .**

**Ph. D. Thesis Sociology**

**By**

**Amani Hamed Ibrahim Hassan**

Assistance Licturer of Social Science of Social Work

**Supervised by Professor**

**Aliaa Shokry**

**Professor Of Sociology .**

**Dr. Alia Habib**

**Associate Professor in Sociology .**

**2004**

### ***The problem of the study and its importance***

.the present study will focus on the relationship between the beneficiaries with the new social and cultural environment

### ***The Theoretical Framework –***

The current study includes many theoretical aspects in order to avoid mono – vision in the illustration, the researcher will depend upon the functional structural and socio-cultural aspects, In the former researcher used **Julian .H .Steward** and **Robert .E . Park** Writing, to discover the relations between man and Environment . She studied the many culture functions and the role of culture to meet the needs of beneficiaries .

### **The study Goals**

*the study five to the following goals –*

- 1-** Identify the patterns and features of beneficiaries.
- 2 –** the social and cultural reality in spite of changing environmental condition.
- 3 –** To know the socio – economic return to the project.
- 4 –** To draw a future picture to beneficiaries life and continuation of the production in village .
- 5 –** Discover how they contribute in community development achieving .

### ***The Methodology –***

The study is concerned of ecology approach and local community approaches. the researcher depended on ... the ecology approach to understand the form and nature of the relation between individuals in the society and the environment { new physical environment } . The researcher used the local community approach to discover the geographical and historical characteristics of village to identify the local community bodies, social relations net.social interactions. also...the researcher depended on anthropological approach { with various tools – observation, interview questionnaire, field work guide } to understand the beneficiaries life and nature of daily life Also The researcher used The system of case study .

### ***Geographical field –***

The study was held in graduate youth villages in El-Fayoum of Yousif Al Sdeek center and Local unit in village Kouta.

–This investigation was presented in two chapters

The 1<sup>st</sup> chapter included a review of literatures .

The review presented a discussion of theoretical conditions and proposal of the study . Moreover , it gives a historical introduction about the progress of new reclaimed areas and the initiation of youth graduates villages in Egypt .In addition it includes the characters and different problems of the societies in these new reclaimed areas .

The 2<sup>nd</sup> chapter "Field work study "included the scientific methodology and the societies of study . the work was run to investigate , the characters of villages of youth graduates which focused on its geographical and popularity situation , investigation of individual , the problems of environmental conditions and the mechanism of adaptation .

Moreover ,the social and economical situation of youth graduates in the new villages was evaluated .

The results were statistically analysed and tabulated . discussion of the present results was done as well as the conclusions and recommendations of the present project were noted .

the present results revealed three types of beneficiaries which are : 1-adapted beneficiaries . 2- absent beneficiaries which can be divided into two conditions : a) beneficiaries did not live in the village and manipulate their lands through regular and consequently visits . b) Absent beneficiaries did not live in the village and did not manipulate their lands by themselves but leave it to another beneficiaries by seasonal cost , however , the new beneficiaries were not involved in the project as they are not graduated and out of the age of youth . the present investigation revealed physical , social and economic problems which were manipulated by beneficiaries with different methods .

the study postulated that culture play an important role in the adaptation of the beneficiaries for the new society , however , new conditions of work and systems of work management were elevated . the study cleared an important role for women in successful societies in the new reclaimed areas . the results of this investigation increased the chances of work , the distance of cultivated land and improved the quantity and quality of agricultural crops . large members of Fayomi were migration involved in this project which was reflected on internal and external .

The results of individual conditions revealed consequent improvement in land crops which will reflect on the economic situation of graduated youth

the social evaluation of studied society cleared the presence of self-dependence and social values in the form of productive work , initiation of proper relations and socio-economic positions as well as initiation of hygienic environment .

