

Fayoum University
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Anesthesia Department

جامعة الفيوم كلية الطب قسم التخدير

البحث الأول

- عنوان البحث باللغه الانجليزيه:

Comparison between Two Low Doses of Amitriptyline in the Management of Chronic Neck Pain: A Randomized, Double-Blind, Comparative Study.

المشرفين على البحث حسب الترتيب:

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- نوع البحث:

بحث مشترك منشور غير مشتق من رساله و سبق تقييمه في ترقية أدم. عاطف محمد سيد خليل و حصل علي تقدير مقبول 63.3% و عدد نقاط البحث 10.7.

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ملخص البحث باللغه الانجليزيه:

Background:

Chronic neck pain (CNP) is a major concern for pain therapists. Many drugs including antidepressants such as amitriptyline have been used in the management of CNP. 'is study compared the efficacy and safety of 2 different doses of amitriptyline (5 mg and 10 mg at bedtime) in patients with CNP.

Methods:

A total of 80 patients of both sexes with idiopathic CNP, ranging in age from 18 to 75 years, were divided into 2 groups that received 5 or 10 mg oral amitriptyline at bedtime for 120 days. 'e primary outcome measure was neck pain disability index (NPDI). Neck pain intensity, Athens Insomnia Scale score, Hospital Anxiety and Depression Scale (HADS), side effects of the drug, and patient satisfaction were secondary outcome measures.

Results:

NPDI decreased by $71.9\% \pm 13.4\%$ in the 10 mg group compared to $47.3\% \pm 17.3\%$ in the 5 mg group, representing a statistically significant difference [95% confidence interval: (27.3-12.6)]. Additionally, the 10 mg group showed greater mean reductions in pain score and HADS scores (both the anxiety and depression subscales), as well as improvement in sleep disturbance compared to the 5 mg group.

Conclusion:

A higher dose (10 mg) of amitriptyline at bedtime significantly reduced neck pain intensity, sleep disturbance, and anxiety and depression compared to a lower dose (5 mg) in patients with idiopathic and nontraumatic CNP after 120 days of treatment, with no significant difference between groups in the rate of side effects.